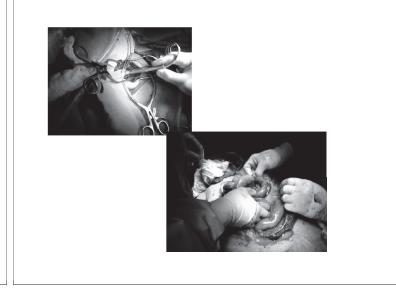
## Glycocalyx: What is it and what is it important?

Ulises Baltazar, MD, FACS, CLT Vascular Surgery Assistant Professor of Vascular Surgery Weill-Cornell University Director of the Veno-Lymphatic Service

> Houston Methodist Hospital Sugar Land Sugar Land, Texas

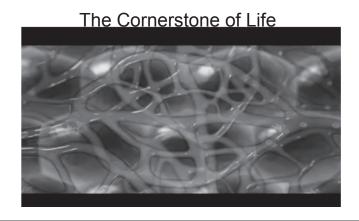
"When you are a hammer.... everything looks like a nail"





What is The Cornerstone of Life?

## Microcirculation



· Dynamic "organized chaos"

Metabolic

· Empty-filled capillaries

Physical

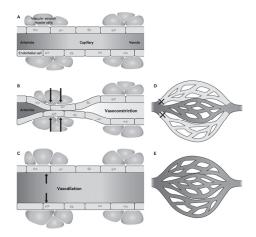
Fluxmotion

Humoral

Nervous

"Microcirculation in insulin resistance and diabetes: more than and compilation" Wienersperger NF, Bouskela, E Diabetes Metab 2003:29, 6S77-6S87

## Microcirculation



## Microcirculation



## Microcirculation

- Capillary flow regulation (Getting the blood there)
- Hydrostatic Oncotic equilibrium (Osmosis Starling principle)
- Filtration (Lymph formation revised Starling principle)

## Microcirculation

· Capillary flow regulation



## Microcirculation

- · Capillary flow regulation
- · Arteriolar myogenic response
- Venoarteriolar reflex
- Pre capillary arteriolar vasomotion

"Microcirculation in insulin resistance and diabetes: more than and compilation" Wienersperger NF, Bouskela, E Diabetes Metab 2003:29, 6S77-6S87

- · Arteriolar vasomotion
  - · Nitric Oxide (NO)
  - · Endothelium-Derived Hyperpolarizing Factor (EDHF)

"A unique role of NO in the control of blood flow" Pohl U, De Wit C, News Physiol Sci, 19, 74-80, 1999

## Microcirculation

- · Arteriolar vasomotion
  - · Slow-wave
    - · Arteriolar contraction oscillations of membrane potential
  - · High amplitude
  - 1-10 Hz

'Vasomotion and flow motion: physiological mechanisms and clinical evidence" Intlagietta M, Vasc Med Rev, 1, 101-112, 1990
"Electrophysiolocial basis of arteriolar

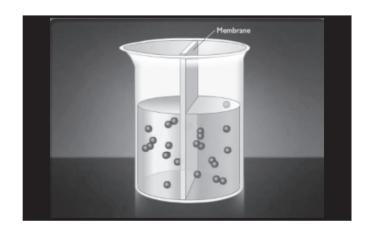
vasomotion in vivo" Bartlet II, Crane GJ, Neidl T, et al, J Vasc Res, 37, 568-575,

## Microcirculation

· Hydrostatic - Oncotic equilibrium

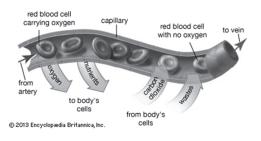


## Microcirculation



### Microcirculation Hydrostatic-Oncotic pressure

Arterioles-Venues



## Microcirculation

Filtration



Carl Friedrich Weilheim Ludwig 1816-1895

 Suggested that lymph was formed by plasma filtration through capillary walls



## Microcirculation

Julius Friedrich Cohnheim 1839-1884

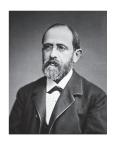
· Expanded Ludwig's concept to vascular pressure and different capillary permeability throughout the body



## Microcirculation

Rudolph Peter Heinrich Heidenhain 1834-1897

· 1854 published his secretion theory and his work on lymphagogues substances (crayfish extract)



## Microcirculation

**Ernest Henry Starling** 1866-1927

· 1893 Intravenous injection of peptones



## Microcirculation

## **Starling Principle**

**Ernest Henry Starling** 1866-1927

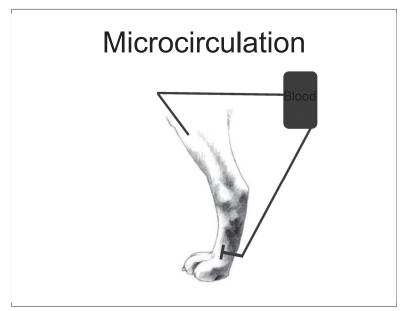
- · 1896 Basic concept of tissue fluid absorption
- · Incomplete

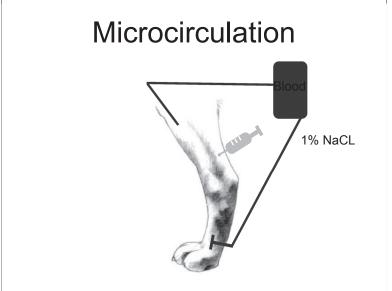


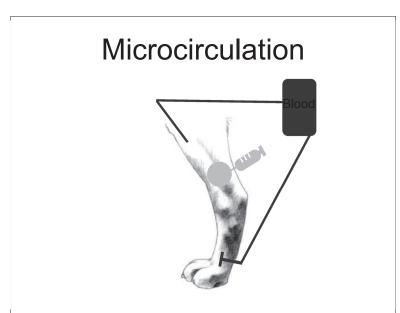
## Microcirculation

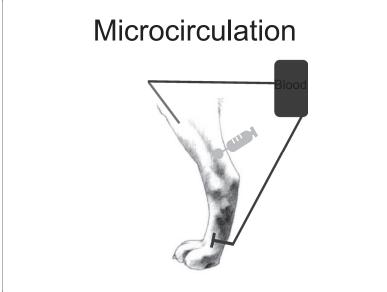
THE ABSORPTION OF FLUIDS FROM THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE SPACES. By ERNEST H. STARLING. (Two Figures in Text.)

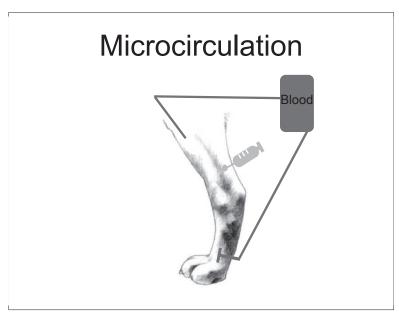
(From the Physiological Laboratory, Guy's Hospital.)

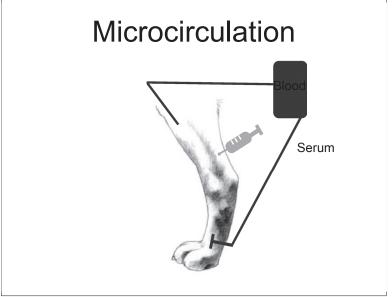


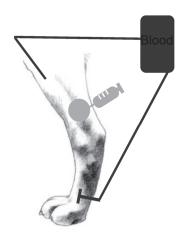












## Microcirculation

## Microcirculation

ON THE ABSORPTION OF FLUIDS FROM THE CONNECTIVE TISSUE SPACES. BY ERNEST H. STARLING. (Two Figures in Text.)

(From the Physiological Laboratory, Guy's Hospital.)

UNTIL within the last few years, all workers, who investigated the question of absorption by the blood vessels, confined their experiments to cases in which some substance, not cocurring normally in the blood, was introduced into some connective tissue space. That, under these conditions, absorption by the blood vessels does take place, was shown by Majendie, and confirmed in recent years by Ascher' as well as by Tabby and mysel". Although the ease, with which this interchange by a process of diffusion between blood and extravascular fluids takes place, must be of great importance for the normal metabolism of the tissues (as, ag, the much discussed supply of CaO to the mammary gland-cells), yet each processes will not serve to explain the absorption by the blood vessels of fluids having the same tonicity and the same approximate constitution as the circulating plasma. The fluids conclained in the tissue-spaces have the same tonicity and the same composition in salts as blood-plasma. We have to inquire first whether the blood vessels do absorb such inctonic fluids, and secondly the manner in which this absorption takes place.

EVIDENCE AS TO ABSORPTION BY BLOOD VESSELS

1. Absorption from the serous cavities.

A number of experiments have been made recently on the subject of the absorption of isotonic fluids  $(eg.\ 1)_s'$  sait solution or serum) from the scrous cavities. Or low's howed that isotonic fluids were absorbed from the peritoneal cavity with considerable rapidity without producing any corresponding lymph-flow from the thoracie duet, and concluded

Zeitschrift f. Biologie, 1893. 247.
 Pflüger's Archiv, Lex. 170. 1894.

<sup>2</sup> This Journal, xvz. 140. 1894.

## Microcirculation

William D Haliburton 1860-1931

 1904 disputed Starling's discoveries and he believed that filtration dominated over secretion



## Microcirculation

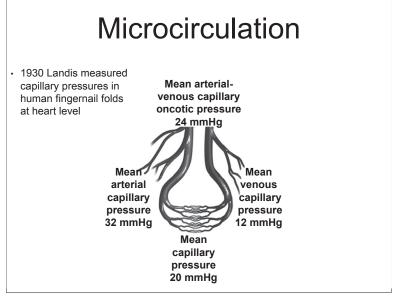
Eugene Markley Landis 1901-1987

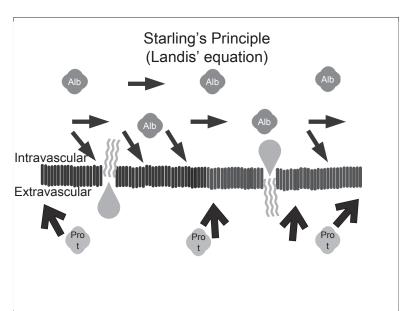
 1927 first direct experimental evidence of Starling's principle

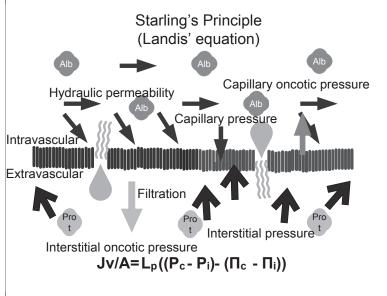


## Microcirculation Filtration 0.01 0.006 0.002 -0.002 -0.006 -0.01 15 10 Capillary pressure (cmHzO)

# Microcirculation Filtration Filtration Absorption 15 10 Capillary pressure (cmH2O)









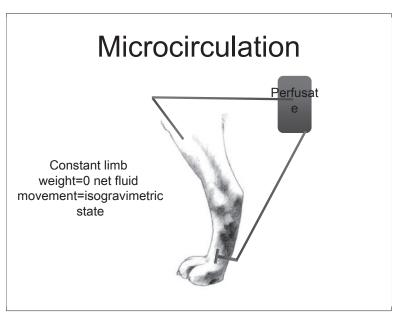


Armando Soto-Rivera 1920-2004



John Richard Pappenheimer 1915-2007

1948 they proposed the term isogravimetric state



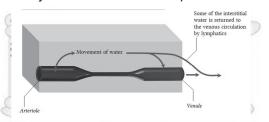
Capillary pressure varies according the plasma oncotic pressure to achieve isogravimetric state

Rate of filtration-reabsorption=P<sub>c</sub>-P<sub>c(iso)</sub>

## Microcirculation

Classic Starling Principle

- · Landis, Pappenheimer and Soto-Rivera
- · Krogh, Landis and Turner 1931
  - Hydrostatic and oncotic pressures



## Microcirculation



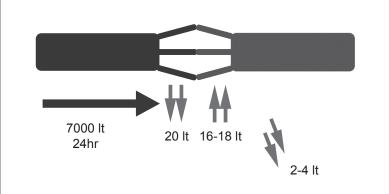




John Richard Pappenheimer 1915-2007

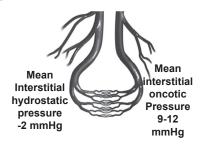
1963 quatinfied the values of filtration-absorption

## Microcirculation



## Microcirculation

 1963 Guyton measured the interstitial hydrostatic and oncotic pressures



## Microcirculation

 $P_i$ =-2 mmHg  $P_i$ =0 mmHg  $\pi_i$ =9-12 mmHg  $\pi_i$ =9-12 mmHg

 $P_i$ =0 mmHg  $\pi_i$ =9-12 mmHg



Ernest Ruska 1906-1988



Max Knoll 1897-1969

- 1931 developed the electron microscope. 10 nm resolution
- · 1944 2 nm resolution

## Microcirculation

James Frederic Danielli 1911-1984

1940 First postulated the presence of the Glycocalyx



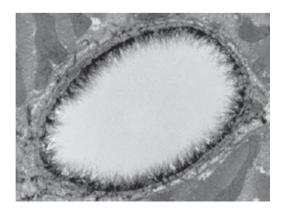
## Microcirculation

Glycocalyx

- · Hydrogel-like layer
- Hemodynamic function 1970
- Main structure
  - · Glycoproteins y proteoglycans

## Microcirculation

Glycocalyx



## Microcirculation

NON-EQUILIBRIUM THERMODYNAMICS OF MEMBRANE PROCESSES

By A. J. STAVERMAN
Plastics Research Institute T.N.O., Delft, Netherlands
Received 21st May, 1951; in final form 10th August, 1951

1951 Staverman's Reflection Coefficient

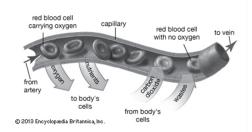
By applying the theory of non-equilibrium thermodynamics to membrane processes it is found that the action of a membrane in a system containing n components is completely characterized by  $\frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$  thermodynamical constants.

constants, a set of phenomenological constants can be determined from which, if sufficient independent data are obtained, the thermodynamical constants may be computed. The relations between phenomenological and thermodynamical constants are given. Also a number of relations between different phenomenological constants is given, which must hold independently of any model of the action of the membrane. Some of these relations, such as Nerns's equation for the diffusion potential and some relations between electroxinetic constants have been derived before by quasi-thermodynamical reasonings or from calculations on models. Others, such as the relation between mechanical and

## Microcirculation

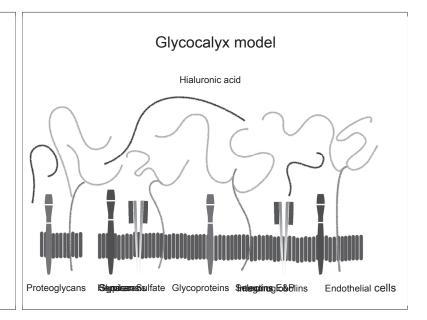
1951 Staverman's Reflection Coefficient

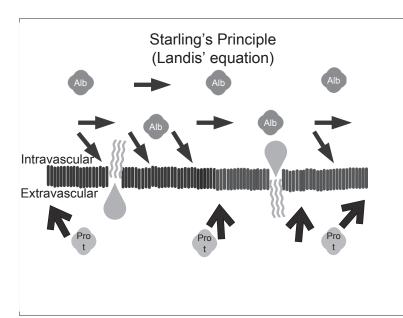
Vessel Permeability
Tight or moderate
<3nm
Fenestration
>3nm

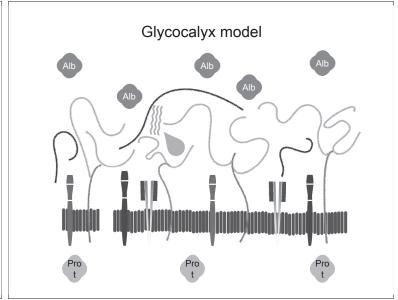


## Lymphedema

- · 500-2000 nm
- Total surface 4000 7000 m<sup>2</sup> (0.98 -1.7 acres)
- · Negative net charge
- Rheologic function and microenviroment control







## Microcirculation



Charles C Michel



J Rodney Levick



Roger H Adamson



Sheldon Weinbaum

## Microcirculation

### Charles C Michel

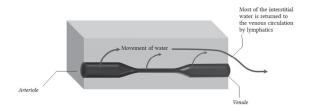
- 70's-60's replicated Starling's findings
- 1987 Transient-state and Steadystate of absorption



## Lymphedema

Revised Starling Principle

- · Adamson 2004- Levick and Michel 2010
  - · Glycocalyx function

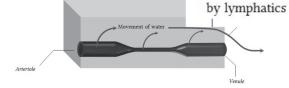


## Lymphedema

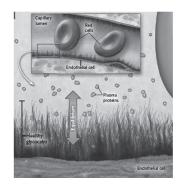
Revised Starling Principle

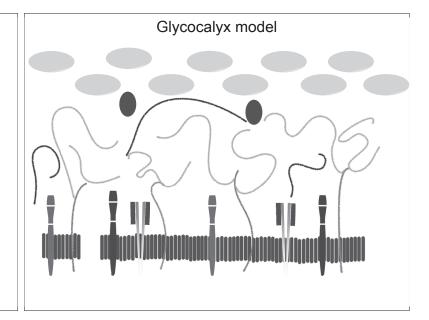
- · Adamson 2004- Levin and Michel 2010
  - · Glycocalyx function

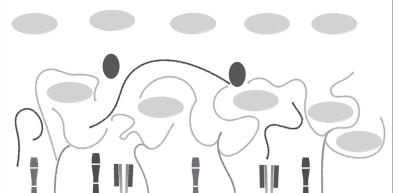
Most of the interstitial water is returned to the venous circulation by lymphatics



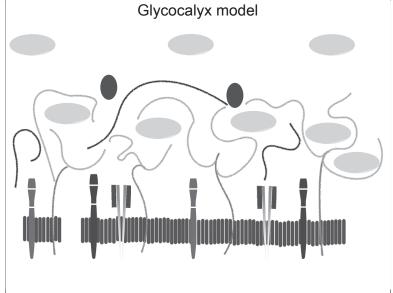
## Lymphedema

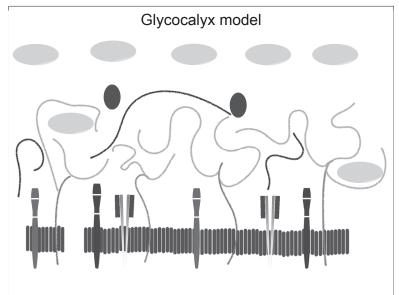


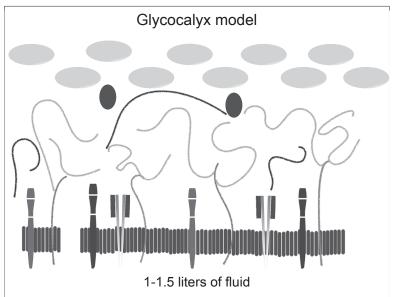


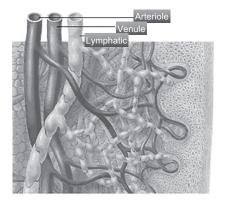


Glycocalyx model









## Lymphedema



- · Tobias Bertsch, MD
- · Guenter Klose, CLT



## **TEAM EFFORT!!!!**

Sadly some patients can't be helped